## Warm Up 3

- 1. congruent
- 2. 0
- 3. 3.142857; repeating decimal

## **Lesson Practice 3**

- a. Rays:  $\overrightarrow{SR}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{ST}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{SP}$ Angles:  $\angle RST$ ,  $\angle TSP$ ,  $\angle RSP$
- b. Obtuse, 125°
- c. 65°
- $d. 67^{\circ}$
- e. 36°

## **Practice 3**

- **1.** right, 90°
- 2. acute, 54°
- 3. right, 90°
- 4. obtuse, 144°
- 5. D
- **6.** 180°
- 7. 11
- 8. D
- 9. 2
- **10.** 5
- 11. Sample: He needs to remember that congruence refers to a figure whereas equality refers to numbers. Two segments having the same length are congruent segments, but their lengths are equal.
- **12.** 4, 64°

- **13.** 2 meters
- **14.** Transitive Property of Congruence
- **15.** 2
- **16.** -44.5
- 17. Yes, a line lies in a single plane, so if four points are collinear they are also coplanar.
- **18.** 84
- **19.** (2x + 3)(5x 7)
- **20.** 15.4
- **21.** 69,300 ft<sup>2</sup>
- **22.** 800,000 yd<sup>2</sup>
- 23. The graph of y = f(x) + 3 is the graph of y = f(x) translated up 3 units.
- **24.**  $g = \frac{(j^2 + 2jy + y^2)}{6}$
- **25.** 67.8 m
- **26.**  $8.14 \times 10^{16}$  km
- 27. 3000 mL

- 28. integer, rational number, real number
- **29.** yes
- **30.** 26°F